

NAME: _____

MAC 2311: Worksheet #13: L'Hopital's Rule

10/27/2015

LECTURE: Statement of L'Hopital's rule for limits of the form $0/0$ and ∞/∞

1) Compute the following limits

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(5x)}{x^2}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2x} - 1}{\sin(3x)}$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{\sqrt{x}}$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{e^x}$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{e^x}$

2) A student writes

$$\text{By L'Hôpital's Rule, } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{1}{2x} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

Are the reasoning and the answer correct? Why? What is the correct answer?

LECTURE: Limits of the form $0 \cdot \infty$ and $\infty - \infty$

3) Compute the following limits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 e^{-x}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \tan(x) \ln(x)$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+1} - x)$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{e^x - 1} \right)$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x - \ln(1 + 2e^x))$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\ln(x) - \ln(1+x))$

LECTURE: Limits of the form 0^0 , 1^∞ , and ∞^0 .

4) Compute the following limits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (e^{2x} - 1)^x$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (-\ln(x))^x$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{a}{x} \right)^{bx}$, where a and b are constants.

PRACTICE PROBLEMS: §3.6 # 1, 3, 4, 7-43odd, 57, 58.