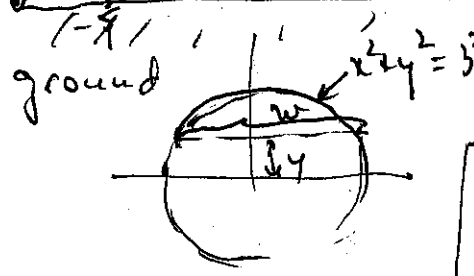
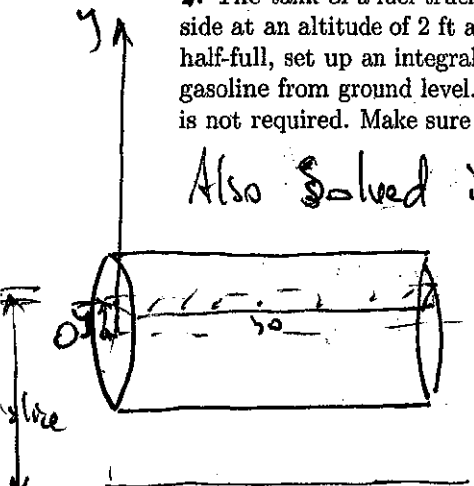


# Solution Key for worksheet 2105

See your notes for the solution with the origin chosen at ground level!

1. The tank of a fuel truck is a cylinder of radius 3 ft and length 30 ft. The tank sits horizontally with the lower side at an altitude of 2 ft above the ground (wheels of the truck are 2 ft high). Assuming that the tank is initially half-full, set up an integral that represents the total work required to completely fill up the tank by pumping up gasoline from ground level. The density of gasoline is  $\rho = 45 \text{ lb/ft}^3$ . (Just set up. The calculation of the integral is not required. Make sure to show on a picture what variable(s) you are using.)

Also solved in class ~~but with a different choice of origin (I think)~~ see your notes



$$|W| = \int_?^? dW = \int_?^? \rho \cdot A_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{dist}_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{Th}_{\text{slice}}$$

Will choose the origin at the center of the circle of the left side of the tank

$$\text{Th}_{\text{slice}} = dy, \quad \text{dist}_{\text{slice}} = y - (-5) = \underline{y+5}$$

$$A_{\text{slice}} = 30 \cdot \text{width} = 30 \cdot 2x = 60\sqrt{9-y^2}$$

$$|W| = \int_{y=0}^{y=3} 45 \cdot 60\sqrt{9-y^2} \cdot (y+5) dy$$

$y=0 \leftarrow$  tank is initially half-full

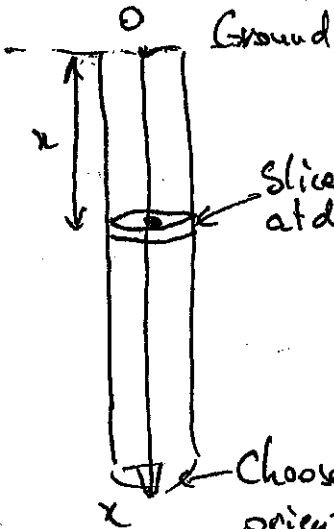
2. Suppose you have to drill a narrow but deep pit into the ground. The pit is cylindrical, with a radius of 1ft and with a depth of 1000ft. The density of the rock encountered varies, so assume that at a depth of  $x$  ft from the ground, the density is given by some function  $\rho(x)$  lbs/ft<sup>3</sup>.

(a) Write a formula to express the total mass of the material removed during drilling

Since the density varies with depth, we should slice the pit with thin horizontal slices. Take limit  $\Delta x \rightarrow 0$

$$\text{mass} = m \approx \sum m_{\text{slice}} \approx \sum \rho(x) \cdot A_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{Th}_{\text{slice}} \Rightarrow m = \int_{x=0}^{x=1000} \rho(x) \cdot \pi \cdot 1^2 dx$$

(b) Write a formula to express the total work done in removing the drilled material to the ground level.



$$|W| = \int_?^? dW$$

where  $dW =$  work to get the slice at depth  $x$  to the surface

$$dW = \text{weight}_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{dist}_{\text{slice}}$$

$$dW = \rho(x) \cdot V_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{dist}_{\text{slice}} = \rho(x) \cdot A_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{dist}_{\text{slice}} \cdot \text{Th}_{\text{slice}}$$

$$\text{but } A_{\text{slice}} = \pi \cdot 1^2 = \pi \quad \text{so}$$

$$|W| = \int_{x=0}^{x=1000} \rho(x) \cdot \pi \cdot x dx = \pi \int_0^{1000} x \rho(x) dx$$

$$m = \pi \int_0^{1000} \rho(x) dx \quad \text{Answer for (a)}$$