

To receive credit you MUST SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.

1. (3 pts) Find the average value of the function  $f(x) = 1/x$  on the interval  $1 \leq x \leq 3$ .

We use:

$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{\int_a^b f(x) dx}{b-a}$$

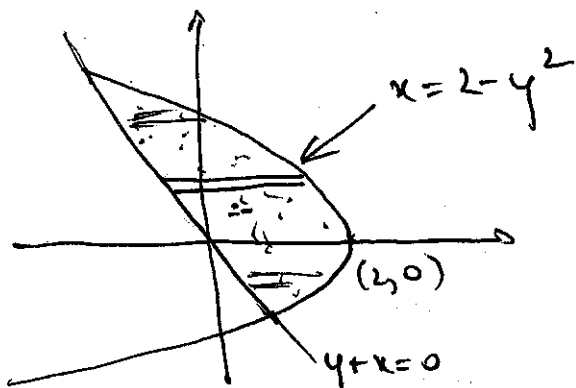
when  $x \in (a, b)$

so, in our case,

$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{\int_1^3 \frac{1}{x} dx}{3-1} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \ln|x| \Big|_{x=1}^{x=3} \right)$$

$$f_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{2} (\ln 3 - \ln 1) = \boxed{\frac{\ln 3}{2}}$$

2. (3 pts) Set up an integral that gives the area of the region bounded between the curves  $x = 2 - y^2$ ,  $y + x = 0$ . You do NOT have to evaluate the integral. Computation is NOT required. Just the set up is required, but a picture of the region should be part of your work.



Intersection pts:

$$\begin{cases} x = 2 - y^2 \\ x = -y \end{cases}$$

$$2 - y^2 = -y \Rightarrow y^2 - y - 2 = 0$$

$$(y-2)(y+1) = 0$$

$$y_1 = -1, y_2 = 2$$

$$A = \int_{y_1}^{y_2} l_{\text{strip}} \cdot Th_{\text{strip}}$$

As we use horizontal strips  
(this is the better choice)

$$Th_{\text{strip}} = dy$$

$$l_{\text{strip}} = x_2 - x_1 = 2 - y^2 - (-y) = 2 - y^2 + y$$

$$\boxed{\text{so } A = \int_{y=-1}^{y=2} (2 + y - y^2) dy}$$

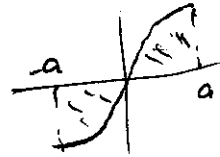
3. (6 pts) Evaluate each integral (3 pts each):

(a)  $\int_{-1}^1 t^3 \sqrt{2+t^4} dt = *$

Quick way: Observe that  $f(t) = t \cdot \sqrt{2+t^4}$  is an odd function  
 (since  $f(-t) = -f(t)$ )  
 so its graph is symmetrical with respect to the origin.

For any odd function then

$\int_{-a}^a f(t) dt = 0$ , using this symmetry



slightly longer way: With subst.

$u = 2+t^4$   
 $du = 4t^3 dt$   
 $\frac{du}{4} = t^3 dt$

so  $*$  =  $\int_{u=3}^{u=3} \sqrt{u} \frac{du}{4} = 0$   
 because the interval is degenerate

(b)  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x}{2+3 \sin x} dx =$

substitution

$w = 2 + 3 \sin x$

(when  $x=0$   $w = 2 + 3 \sin 0 = 2$ )

$dw = 3 \cos x dx$

when  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$   $w = 2 + 3 \sin \frac{\pi}{2} = 5$

$\frac{1}{3} dw = \cos x dx$

$= \int_{w=2}^{w=5} \frac{\frac{1}{3} dw}{w} = \frac{1}{3} \ln(w) \Big|_{w=2}^{w=5} = \frac{1}{3} (\ln 5 - \ln 2)$