

‡. For each of the following functions compute $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$:

(a) $f(x) = 3x^3 - x^2 + 2x - 7$

(b) $f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{3x^4 - 2}$

(c) $f(x) = \frac{40x^5 + x^2}{16x^4 - 2}$

(d) $f(x) = \frac{3x^7 - 4x^4 + 1}{2x^7 + 2x}$

(e) $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 4}$

Which of the functions above have horizontal asymptotes and what are the asymptotes?

2. Find the following limits, provided they exist:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$

Does the function $f(x) = \frac{2x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 4}}$ have horizontal asymptotes? If yes, describe them?

3. Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{3 - x}{x^2 - 9}$.

(a) Does this function have horizontal asymptotes? Justify your answer with limits.

(b) Does this function have vertical asymptotes? Justify your answer with limits.

(c) Graph this function.

1. Compute each of the following limits:

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(ax)}{x} =$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(3x)}{x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(bx)}{x} =$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(x)}{x}$$

$$(d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^2(3x)}{x \sin(5x)}$$

$$(e) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(3x^2) + x^2}{\sin^2(3x)}$$

$$(f) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x \tan(3/x) \text{ Hint: Use the substitution technique.}$$

$$(g) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sin(5x)}{x} \text{ Hint: Be careful! Here } x \text{ does not go to zero!}$$