Worksheet week 15 MAC-2311 Spring 2016 Name:

1. A plane flying horizontally with a speed of 300 ft/s at an elevation of 9600 ft over flat ground releases an emergency probe. Imagine the probe looks like a small arrow. The trajectory of the probe is given by the parametric curve

$$x(t) = 300t$$
, $y(t) = -16t^2 + 9600$, for $t \ge 0$,

where the origin is the point on the ground directly beneath the plane at the moment of the release, and t is the time in seconds since the moment of release.

- (a) Graph the trajectory of the probe and find the coordinates of the point where the probe lands.
- (b) Find dx/dt, dy/dt. Explain their practical meaning and explain why the formulas you get for each of them make sense.
- (c) At what angle does the probe hit the ground?