

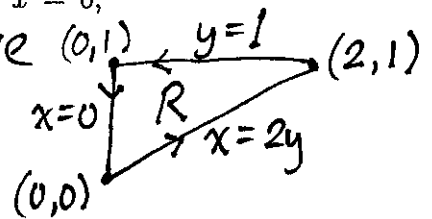
WRITE YOUR NAME:

MAC 2313 Quiz 23
Thursday April 18th

Calculate the flux of the vector field

$$F(x, y) = (x^2y, 3x + y^2) \text{ Components } M = x^2y, N = 3x + y^2$$

across the curve C , where C is the triangle bounded by the lines $x = 0$, $y = 1$, and $x = 2y$ (traversed counterclockwise).



Most efficient method:

Use Divergence form of Green's Theorem.

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= 2xy, \quad N_y = 2y. \quad \text{Flux} = \iint_R (M_x + N_y) dA \\ &= \int_{y=0}^{y=1} \int_{x=0}^{x=2y} (2xy + 2y) dx dy = \int_{y=0}^{y=1} \left[x^2y + 2xy \right]_{x=0}^{x=2y} dy \\ &= \int_{y=0}^{y=1} (4y^3 + 4y^2) dy = \left[y^4 + \frac{4y^3}{3} \right]_0^1 = \frac{7}{3} \end{aligned}$$

METHOD 2. Calculate flux "directly" as $\int_C M dy - N dx$

$$C = C_1 \cup C_2 \cup C_3$$

$$C_1: (0,0) \text{ to } (2,1): (x,y) = (2t, t), \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1, \quad dx = 2dt, \quad dy = dt$$

$$C_2: (2,1) \text{ to } (0,1): (x,y) = (2-2t, 1), \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1, \quad dx = -2dt, \quad dy = 0$$

$$C_3: (0,1) \text{ to } (0,0): (x,y) = (0, 1-t), \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1, \quad dx = 0, \quad dy = -dt$$

$$\text{Flux} = \int_{C_1} M dy - N dx + \int_{C_2} M dy - N dx + \int_{C_3} M dy - N dx$$

Then write everything in terms of t and evaluate