Exam #4, ver B

April 17, 2017

- You will be told when to begin the work and when to terminate work on the examination. You must stop when instructed. Points may be deducted in case of violations.
- Please show your work to support your answers that require calculations. Correct but unsupported answers may not be given full credit.
- The use of a cell phone or other electronic communication devices during the examination is not allowed. The exam will be canceled and a grade of "0" will be assigned to anyone who opens a cell phone during the examination or if one is found on their seat or hand.

No calculators are allowed!

1. (8 pts each) Verify that F(x) is an antiderivative of f(x).

(a)
$$F(x) = 2 - x + x^3$$
; $f(x) = 3x^2 - 1$

(b)
$$F(x) = \ln(-x) + 7$$
; $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

(c)
$$F(x) = \ln(\ln(x)); f(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln(x)}$$

2. (8 points each) Find the indefinite integral.

(a)
$$\int 6 - 5x^2 dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{2-6x^2}{x} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

 $3.~(10~{
m points~each})~{
m Find~the~indefinite~integral}~{
m [Hint:~use~substitution]}$

(a)
$$\int \sqrt{2-t} \, dt$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{t^3}{\sqrt{t^4 - 2}} \, \mathrm{d}t$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{2\ln(x)}{x} dx$$

4. (10 points each) Evaluate the integral and simplify your answer.

(a)
$$\int_{1}^{3} 2x - 3 \, dx$$

(b)
$$\int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1} \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}{x^2} dx$$

5. (10 pts) A manufacturer estimates that the marginal cost of producing q units of a certain commodity is $C'(q) = 3q^2 - 12q + 12$ dollars per unit. If the cost of producing 1 unit is \$20, what is the cost of producing 5 units? [You can leave your answer in calculator ready form. No simplification is necessary.]

6. (3 extra credit points) Find the **exact** value of the following integral. Simplify your answer.

$$\int_{e}^{e^{e}} \frac{1}{x \ln x} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

7. (3 extra credit points) Evaluate

$$\int \frac{x-4}{x+1} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

8. (4 extra credit points) Erika and Jacob are arguing. Erika says that an antiderivative of $\frac{1}{x}$ is $\ln x$ and Jacob says that an antiderivative of $\frac{1}{x}$ is $\ln(2x)$. Can you decide who, if anyone, is right and who is wrong? **Explain** your answer.