Exam #1

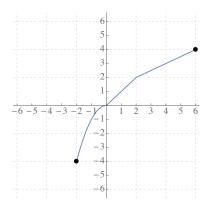
September 25, 2017

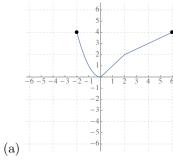
- You will be told when to begin the work and when to terminate work on the examination. You must stop when instructed. Points may be deducted in case of violations.
- Please show your work to support your answers that require calculations. Correct but unsupported answers may not be given full credit.
- The use of a cell phone or other electronic communication devices during the examination is not allowed. The exam will be canceled and a grade of "0" will be assigned to anyone who uses a cell phone during the examination or if one is found within hands reach.
- Calculators are not allowed on this exam.
- The exam consist of two parts. Part I contains four multiple choice questions worth 5 points each. Part II contains 8 open ended questions worth 10 points each if not stated otherwise.

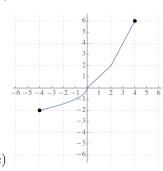
Part I

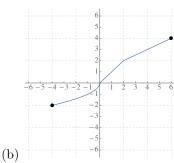
Choose your answer from five available choices. No partial credit will be given for wrong answers.

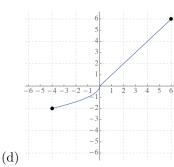
- 1. What is $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$ if $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+4}$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{3x-2}$
 - (a) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3x-2}+4}$
 - (b) $\frac{2\sqrt{3x-2}}{x+4}$
 - (c) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3x-2}+4}$
 - (d) $\sqrt{3\frac{2}{x+4}-2}$
 - (e) None of the above
- 2. The graph of a one-to-one function f is given below. Which of the following is the graph of its inverse?





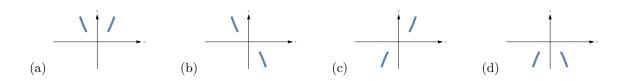






(e) None of the above.

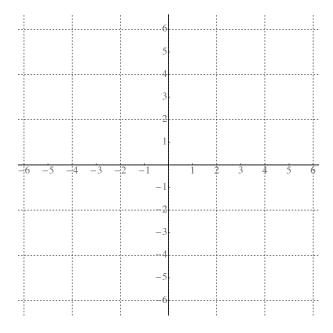
3. Which of the following illustrates the end behavior of $f(x) = -2x^5 + 3x^3 - x + 2$



- 4. Find the domain of $f(x) = \frac{3-x}{\sqrt{x+2}}$
 - (a) $[-2,\infty)$
 - (b) $(-2, \infty)$
 - (c) $(-\infty, -2)$
 - (d) $(-2,3) \cup (3,\infty)$
 - (e) None of the above.

Part II

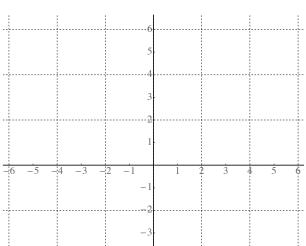
5. Graph the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} -2, & x < 2 \\ 2x - 5, & 2 \le x \le 3 \\ (x - 2)^2, & x > 3 \end{cases}$



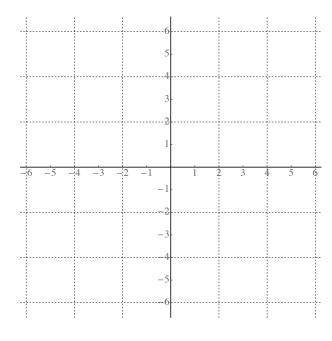
- 6. Graph $y = 3\sqrt{-x-2}$ using transformations. Start with the graph of a basic function **plot accurately as least three points** and use them to perform transformations. Do one transformation at a time. Name the transformation and write the equation of the resulting function.
- (i) Basic function:

(ii) transformation:

y=



y=

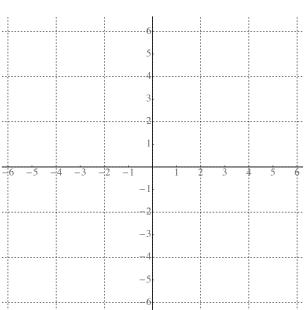


(iii) transformation:

(iv) transformation:

y=

y=



3--6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 1 2 3 4 5 6 -1--2--3--57. Find the difference quotient for $f(x) = 2x^2 - 3x$.

- 8. (20 points) Let $f(x) = 1 + 2\sqrt{3-x}$
 - (a) Find the domain of f.

(b) Find the inverse of f.

9. Find the zeros and their multiplicities and sketch the graph of the following polynomial.

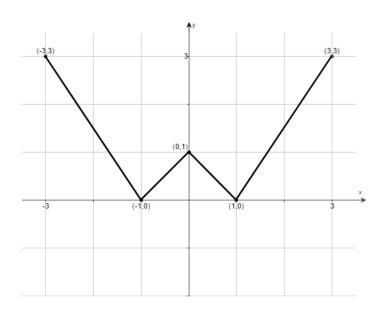
$$y = 2(x^2 + 2)(x - 3)(x + 6)^2$$

10. Find $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ and its domain if $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{x+2}{1-x}$

11. Find two functions f(x) and g(x) (neither of them identity) so that h(x) = f(g(x)), where

$$h(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3x+1}}$$

12. Using the given graph of the function f, answer the parts (a)-(f) below.



- (a) Find the domain of f. Express it in interval notation.
- (b) Find the range of f. Express it in interval notation.
- (c) Find the x-intercepts.
- (d) Find the y-intercepts.
- (e) Find the intervals on which f is increasing.
- (f) Find the intervals on which f is decreasing.