MAC 1140, Fall 2017.

Exam #2

October 16, 2017

Name ______

- You will be told when to begin the work and when to terminate work on the examination. You must stop when instructed. Points may be deducted in case of violations.
- Please show your work to support your answers that require calculations. Correct but unsupported answers may not be given full credit.
- The use of a cell phone or other electronic communication devices during the examination is not allowed. The exam will be canceled and a grade of "0" will be assigned to anyone who uses a cell phone during the examination or if one is found within hands reach.
- Calculators are not allowed on this exam.
- The exam consist of two parts. Part I contains four multiple choice questions worth 6 points each. Part II contains four open ended questions worth 21.5 points each if not stated otherwise.

Part I

Choose your answer from five available choices. No partial credit will be given for wrong answers.

- 1. List potential rational zeros of the polynomial function $f(x) = 3x^4 x^2 + 4x 4$
 - (a) $\pm 1, \pm 3, \pm \frac{1}{2}, \pm \frac{1}{4}, \pm \frac{3}{2}, \pm \frac{3}{4}$
 - (b) $1, 3, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$
 - (c) $\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 4, \pm \frac{1}{3}, \pm \frac{2}{3}, \pm \frac{4}{3}$
 - (d) $1, 2, 4, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}$
 - (e) None of the above
- 2. Which is the following functions are polynomial functions
 - $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^4 1$ • $g(x) = \frac{2-x}{x-1}$ • $h(x) = \frac{2x^5}{5} - 3x^2 + 2x - 6$ • $k(x) = 3x - 2x^{1/2}$
 - (a) f and h
 - (b) f, h, and k
 - (c) f, g, and k
 - (d) f
 - (e) None of the above
- 3. Find vertical asymptotes of the rational function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{(x - 1)(x + 3)}$$

- (a) y = 1
 (b) x = 1
 (c) y = 1 and y = -3
 (d) x = 1 and x = -3
- (e) None of the above

4. -3 and -1 - 2i are zeros of a polynomial function. Which of the following is also a zero:

- (a) 3
- (b) 1 + 2i
- (c) -1 2i
- (d) -1 + 2i
- (e) None of the above.

Part II

5. Graph the function
$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 4x}{x^2 - 1}$$

- (a) Domain
- (b) y-intercept
- (c) x-intercept
- (d) Vertical asymptote
- (e) Horizontal/oblique(slant) asymptote

(f) Intersection with asymptote

(g) Symmetries

(h) Sign chart

(i) Graph



6. Solve

7. Find the domain of $f(x) = \sqrt{2 - \frac{4}{x - 3}}$

8. Solve

 $2x^2 + 3 \ge 5x$

This page is intentionally left blank.