

## Mathematical Economics Final, December 4, 2018

You have until 6:50 to complete this exam. Answer all five questions. **Be sure to justify your answers!** Each question is worth 20 points, for a total of 100 points. Good luck!

1. On  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , maximize  $3x + y$  under the constraint  $x^2 + y \leq 9$ . Note that there are no non-negativity constraints. Don't forget to check constraint qualification. What do the second order conditions tell you? Is your solution a maximum?
2. On  $\mathbb{R}_+^2$ , find demand by maximizing the utility function  $u(x, y) = 3x - e^{-y}$  subject to the constraints  $p_x x + p_y y \leq m$ ,  $x \geq 0$ ,  $y \geq 0$  where  $p_x, p_y, m > 0$ . Don't forget to check constraint qualification and the second order conditions.
3. Consider the differential equation  $\ddot{y} - 4\dot{y} + 3y = t + 1$  with initial conditions  $y(0) = 7/3$  and  $\dot{y}(0) = 4/3$ .
  - a) Find the general solution of the associated homogeneous equation.
  - b) Find a particular solution of the inhomogeneous equation.
  - c) Find the solution that obeys the initial conditions.
4. Let  $S = \{(x_1, x_2, x_3) : x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = 1\}$  be the unit sphere in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .
  - a) Use the Implicit Function Theorem to show that if  $\mathbf{x}^0 = (x_1^0, x_2^0, x_3^0) \in S$ , we can write one of the coordinates in terms of the other two in some neighborhood of  $\mathbf{x}^0$ .
  - b) Give an example of how to do this at the point  $\mathbf{x}^0 = (0, 1, 0)$ .
5. Consider the difference equation  $\mathbf{x}_{t+1} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}_t$  where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 3/2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- a) Find the eigenvalues.
- b) Find a non-zero vector  $\mathbf{x}$ , so that if  $\mathbf{x}_0 = \mathbf{x}$ , then  $\mathbf{x}_t \rightarrow \mathbf{0}$ .