

1. Show that the function  $y = \sin(x^2)$  satisfies the differential equation  $y'' - \frac{y'}{x} + ax^2y = 0$ , for a certain constant  $a$  that you should determine.

2. For each of the following implicitly defined functions, find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ :

(a)  $y^4 - 3y^3 - x = 3$

(b)  $\cos(xy) = x - y$

3. Consider the function implicitly defined by  $y^4 = x + y$ .

a) Find an expression for the derivative  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ .

b) Find the equation of the line tangent to this function at the point (0,1).

c) Find where the tangent line is vertical.

4. Find, with proof, the formulae for  $(\arctan(x))'$  and  $(\operatorname{arccot}(x))'$ .

5. Compute the derivative of each of the following functions:

a)  $y = \arctan(\sin(x))$

b)  $y = \cos(x) \tan^{-1}(2x)$

c)  $y = \sin^{-1}(\cos(3x))$

d)  $y = \frac{x^3+7}{\arctan(x^2)}$

6. Show that the function  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 6x - 5$  is one to one and then find  $(f^{-1}(3))'$ . Note that  $f(1) = 3$ .

7. A ten-foot long, straight plank is leaning against a vertical wall when it begins to slip. Suppose the base of the plank is moving away from the wall at 2ft./s.. How fast is the top of the plank moving down the wall when the top is 6ft above the ground?