## Worksheet 03/19 MAC 2281- Spring 2019

Group nr: \_\_\_\_

Names:

1) In each case, find the general antiderivative:

- (a)  $\int 3x^4 4\sqrt{x} + \frac{7}{r^2} dx$ , (b)  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$ (c)  $\int \frac{1}{2x^3} + \csc x \cot x \, dx$
- (d)  $\int (\sec^2 x + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} \pi) \, dx$
- (e)  $\int \frac{x^2 3}{2x} dx$

- (f)  $\int \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} dx$

2) In each case, find the most general form of f satisfying the given condition.

- (a) f'(x) = x(3x+4)
- (b)  $f''(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + 1$

3) Solve the following initial value problems:

- (a)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 6e^x$ , y(0) = 2
- (b)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{x}(6+5x), \ y(1) = 0$
- 4) A particle is moving on a straight line with the given data. Find the position s(t) of the particle at time t.
  - (a) v(t) = -32t + 100, s(0) = 20,
  - (b)  $a(t) = 2\cos t + \sin t$ , v(0) = 1, s(0) = 0.

5) A stone is dropped from the top of a tower 800 ft above the ground.

- (a) Find the height s(t) of the stone above the ground at t seconds since it was dropped. Assume the initial velocity is 0 and assume constant acceleration during the motion  $g = -32ft/s^2$  (this is the gravitational acceleration at the surface of the Earth).
- (b) How long does it take the stone to reach the ground?
- (c) With what velocity does it strike the ground?

6) A car braked with constant deceleration of  $16 \text{ft/s}^2$ , producing skid marks measuring 200ft before coming to a stop. How fast was the car traveling when the brakes were applied?

- 7) Compute the following integrals using integration by substitution and the given substitution:
  - (a)  $\int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x} \, dx$  using  $u = x^2 + x$
  - (b)  $\int \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^2} dx$  using  $u = \ln x$
  - (c)  $\int \sin^4(3x) \cos(3x) dx$  using  $w = \sin(3x)$

8) Compute the following integrals using integration by substitution:

- (a)  $\int e^{5x} dx$
- (b)  $\int \cos^6 x \sin x \, dx$
- (c)  $\int \sqrt{3x+7} \, dx$
- (d)  $\int (x^2 + 4x + 7)^9 (x+2) dx$
- (e)  $\int x^2 \sec(x^3) \tan(x^3) dx$
- 9) Compute the following integrals using integration by substitution.
- (a)  $\int \frac{e^{2x}}{1+e^{2x}} dx$ (b)  $\int \frac{e^x}{1+e^{2x}} dx$ (c)  $\int \frac{\cos(4\sqrt{t}+5)}{\sqrt{t}} dt$
- (d)  $\int \frac{t}{\sqrt{1-t^4}} dt$
- (e)  $\int \frac{\sin\theta}{1+\cos^2\theta} d\theta$

(f) 
$$\int \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$$

- (g)  $\int x\sqrt{2x+1} \, dx$
- (h)  $\int \frac{\cos(1/x)}{3x^2} dx$