## To receive credit you MUST SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.

- **1.** (12 pts) Define each of the following (4 pts each):
- (a) Span{ $\mathbf{v}_1, ..., \mathbf{v}_k$ }, where  $\mathbf{v}_1, ..., \mathbf{v}_k$  are vectors in a vector space V.

(b) Basis of a vector space V

(c) The eigenspace  $E_{\lambda}$  corresponding to an eigenvalue  $\lambda$  of a  $n\times n$  matrix A

**2.** (14 pts) Show that a linear transformation is one to one (injective) if and only if its kernel is  $\{0\}$ .

**3.** (12 pts) Suppose  $L : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  is a linear transformation, that  $L\begin{pmatrix} 1\\0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $L\begin{pmatrix} 0\\1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\2 \end{pmatrix}$ . What is  $L\begin{pmatrix} 3\\2 \end{pmatrix}$ ? In general, what is  $L\begin{pmatrix} x_1\\x_2 \end{pmatrix}$ ?

**4.** (14 pts) Let 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
. Compute  $A^n$ .

**5.** (16 pts) In  $\mathbb{R}_2[t]$ , let  $\mathbf{b}_1 = 1$ ,  $\mathbf{b}_2 = 1 + t$ ,  $\mathbf{b}_3 = t + t^2$ .

(a) (8 pts) Show that  $\mathcal{B} = \{\mathbf{b}_1, \mathbf{b}_2, \mathbf{b}_3\}$  is a basis in  $\mathbb{R}_2[t]$ .

(b) (8 pts) Let  $d/dt : \mathbb{R}_2[t] \to \mathbb{R}_2[t]$  be the derivative map. Find the matrix of d/dt with respect to the basis  $\mathcal{B}$  from part (a).

- **6.** (22 pts) Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ , with  $b \neq 0$ .
- (a) (8 pts) Show that the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & 0 \\ b & a \end{pmatrix}$  is not diagonalizable.
- (b) (14 pts) Find the solution  $\mathbf{x}(t)$  of the coupled equations  $d\mathbf{x}/dt = A\mathbf{x}$ , with  $\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .

**7.** (10 pts)

Is the matrix 
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 diagonalizable? Justify your answer.

8. (10 pts) Show that two conjugate matrices have the same eigenvalues.