## Confidence Interval

Steps to Create a Confidence Interval for the mean (Large Sample)

1. List all given sample data from the problem including sample size and C-level
2. Find $z_{\alpha / 2}$
3. Calculate the margin of error, $E=z_{\alpha / 2}\left(\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$
4. Calculate $[\bar{x}-E, \bar{x}+E]$

## Steps to Create a Confidence Interval for the mean (Small Sample)

1. List all given sample data from the problem including sample size and C-level
2. Find $t_{\alpha / 2}$
3. Calculate the margin of error, $E=t_{\alpha / 2}\left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$
4. Calculate $[\bar{x}-E, \bar{x}+E]$

Steps to creating a Confidence Interval for a population proportion:

1. Gather sample data: x (or $\hat{p}$ ), n , and C -level
2. Calculate $\hat{p}=\frac{x}{n}$ \& $(1-\hat{p})=\hat{q}$
3. Calculate the standard error, $\sigma_{\hat{p}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p} \hat{q}}{n}}$
4. Find $Z_{\alpha / 2}$
5. Calculate the Margin of Error, $\mathrm{E}=Z_{\alpha / 2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p} \hat{q}}{n}}$
6. Finally, form $[\hat{p}-E, \hat{p}+E]$

## Steps to test a hypothesis:

1. Express the original claim symbolically
2. Identify the Null and Alternative hypothesis
3. Record the data from the problem
4. Calculate the test statistic using either $z=\frac{\bar{x}-\mu_{0}}{\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}}$ or $t=\frac{\bar{x}-\mu_{0}}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}}$ or $z=\frac{\hat{p}-\rho_{0}}{\sqrt{\frac{p_{0} q_{0}}{n}}}$
5. Determine your rejection region (or find your p-value).
6. Find the initial conclusion
7. Word your final conclusion
