Read Me First: Show all essential work neatly. Use correct notation when presenting your computations. Write using complete sentences. In particular, be very careful when using "=", **equals**, and " \Rightarrow ", **implies**. Do not "box" your answers. Communicate.

1. (6 pts.) Find the amplitude, period, and phase shift of the following function: $y = -3 \cdot \cos(-2x + (\pi/2))$

Amplitude =

Period =

Phase Shift =

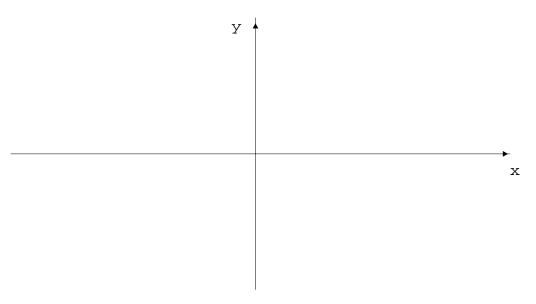
2. (6 pts.) Write the equation of a sine function that has all the given characteristics:

Period = $\pi/3$ Phase Shift: -(3/4)Amplitude = 4

3. (18 pts.) Fill in the following table with the information requested concerning domain, range, and period.

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Function Name	Domain (in radians)	Range	Period (in radians)
$sin(\theta)$			
cos(θ)			
tan(θ)			
cot(θ)			
sec(θ)			
csc(θ)			

4. (5 pts.) Carefully sketch $y = 4\sin(2x - \pi)$ through one period. You will need the amplitude, period, and phase shift to do this.



5. (5 pts.) Establish the following identity.

$$\frac{1 - \cos(\alpha)}{\sin(\alpha)} = \frac{\sin(\alpha)}{1 + \cos(\alpha)}$$

$$sin(\alpha - \beta) =$$

$$cos(\alpha + \beta) =$$

^{6. (10} pts.) Find the exact value of each of the following expressions if $\tan(\alpha) = 5/12$ with $\pi < \alpha < 3\pi/2$ and $\sin(\beta) = -1/2$ with $\pi < \beta < 3\pi/2$. Show all the uses of appropriate identities.

7. (5 pts.) Obtain the exact value of $\sin(\pi/8)$. Show all the uses of appropriate identities.

 $sin(\pi/8) =$

8. (5 pts.) If $sec(\theta) = 3$ and $sin(\theta) > 0$, what is the exact value of $cos(2\theta)$?? Show all the uses of appropriate identities.

 $cos(2\theta) =$

9. (5 pts.) Express the following product as a sum containing only sines or cosines.

 $\sin(4\theta)\cos(6\theta) =$

10. (5 pts.) Use your calculator to find the value of $\sec^{-1}(-4/3)$ rounded to two decimal places.

 $sec^{-1}(-4/3) =$

11. (5 pts.) Find the exact value of $\sin^{-1}(\sin(-7\pi/6))$.

 $\sin^{-1}(\sin(-7\pi/6)) =$

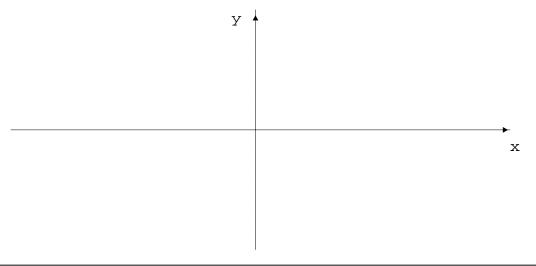
12. (5 pts.) Write $cos(cos^{-1}(u) + sin^{-1}(v))$ as an algebraic expression containing u and v.

 $\cos(\cos^{-1}(u) + \sin^{-1}(v)) =$

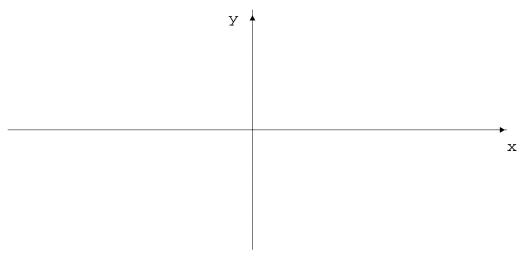
13. (5 pts.) Find the exact value of $tan(2 tan^{-1}(3/4))$.

 $tan(2 \cdot tan^{-1}(3/4)) =$

14. (5 pts.) Carefully sketch the graph of $y = \sin^{-1}(x)$. Label very carefully.



15. (5 pts.) Carefully sketch the graph of $y = cos^{-1}(x)$. very carefully.



16. (5 pts.) Carefully sketch the graph of $y = tan^{-1}(x)$. Label very carefully.

