

HW-3

#1

In[1]= $\mathbf{x} = L \sin[\theta[t]];$

$$\mathbf{y} = \frac{1}{2} c t^2 - L \cos[\theta[t]];$$

In[9]= $\text{lag} = \text{FullSimplify}\left[\frac{m}{2} (D[\mathbf{x}, t]^2 + D[\mathbf{y}, t]^2) - m g y\right]$

$$\text{Out[9]} = \frac{1}{2} m (c (c - g) t^2 + 2 g L \cos[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t] (2 c t \sin[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t]))$$

In[4]= $\text{Solve}[P_\theta[t] == D[\text{lag}, \theta'[t]], \theta'[t]]$

$$\text{Out[4]} = \left\{ \left\{ \theta'[t] \rightarrow \frac{-c L m t \sin[\theta[t]] + P_\theta[t]}{L^2 m (\cos[\theta[t]]^2 + \sin[\theta[t]]^2)} \right\} \right\}$$

In[5]= $\text{hamil} =$

$$\text{FullSimplify}\left[(D[\text{lag}, \theta'[t]] \theta'[t] - \text{lag}) /. \theta'[t] \rightarrow \frac{-c L m t \sin[\theta[t]] + P_\theta[t]}{L^2 m (\cos[\theta[t]]^2 + \sin[\theta[t]]^2)}\right]$$

$$\text{Out[6]} = \frac{1}{4 L^2 m} \left(-L^2 m^2 (4 g L \cos[\theta[t]] + c t^2 (c - 2 g + c \cos[2 \theta[t]])) + 2 P_\theta[t] (-2 c L m t \sin[\theta[t]] + P_\theta[t]) \right)$$

In[7]= (* legendre transformation one more time back *)

 $\text{Solve}[\theta'[t] == D[\text{hamil}, P_\theta[t]], P_\theta[t]]$

$$\text{Out[7]} = \left\{ \left\{ P_\theta[t] \rightarrow L m (c t \sin[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t]) \right\} \right\}$$

In[8]= $\text{lagnew} =$

$$\text{FullSimplify}[(D[\text{hamil}, P_\theta[t]] P_\theta[t] - \text{hamil}) /. P_\theta[t] \rightarrow L m (c t \sin[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t])]$$

$$\text{Out[8]} = \frac{1}{2} m (c (c - g) t^2 + 2 g L \cos[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t] (2 c t \sin[\theta[t]] + L \theta'[t]))$$

In[10]= $\text{lag} - \text{lagnew}$

$$\text{Out[10]} = 0$$

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$$2. \quad P = \frac{8}{3} T \frac{1}{V - \frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3}{V^2}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{V} \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P, \quad \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P \cdot \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V} \right)_T \cdot \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \right)_V = -1$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P = - \frac{\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_V}{\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial V} \right)_T} = \frac{\frac{8}{3} \frac{1}{V - \frac{1}{3}}}{\frac{8}{3} T \frac{-1}{(V - \frac{1}{3})^2} + \frac{6}{V^3}}$$

$$\text{so: } \beta = \frac{4V^3(3V-1)}{3(4TV^3 - 9V^2 + 6V - 1)}$$

$$4. \quad \text{if } \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial y} \right)_x = \left(\frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \right)_y$$

$$\text{and } \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_A \left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial x} \right)_y \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial A} \right)_x = -1$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_A = - \frac{\left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial y} \right)_x}{\left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial x} \right)_y} = - \frac{\left(\frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \right)_y}{\left(\frac{\partial A}{\partial x} \right)_y} = - \frac{\partial B}{\partial A} \bigg|_y$$

$$5. \quad H = U + PV \quad C_p = \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial T} \right)_P = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right)_P + P \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P$$

$$\text{and } \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right)_P = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right)_V + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V} \right)_T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P = C_v + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V} \right)_T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P$$

$$\text{so: } C_p - C_v = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \right)_P \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P + P \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P$$

$$\text{use energy equation } C_p - C_v = T \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T} \right)_V \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_P$$

$$4a) \quad dz = A dx + B dy + x dA - x dA$$

$$d(z - xA) = B dy - x dA$$

$$\text{therefore } \left(\frac{\partial B}{\partial A} \right)_y = - \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \right)_A$$

#6. $f(x, y)$ and $u = x^2 - y^2$, $v = 2xy$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\bigg|_y = \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u \frac{\partial v}{\partial x}\bigg|_y + \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\bigg|_v \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}\bigg|_y$$

$$\text{or } \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\bigg|_y = 2y \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u + 2x \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\bigg|_v$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\bigg|_x = \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u \frac{\partial v}{\partial y}\bigg|_x + \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\bigg|_v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}\bigg|_x$$

$$\text{or } \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\bigg|_x = 2x \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u - 2y \frac{\partial f}{\partial u}\bigg|_v$$

$$\text{since } \cancel{x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\bigg|_y + \cancel{y} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\bigg|_x = 0$$

$$0 = 2(x^2 + y^2) \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u = 0$$

$$\text{therefore } \frac{\partial f}{\partial v}\bigg|_u = 0 !$$